

VPI Immingham OCGT Project

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The Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order

Land at and in the vicinity of the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, South Killingholme, North Lincolnshire, DN40 3DZ

Application Guide – Examination Deadline 6

The Planning Act 2008

The Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and Procedure) Regulations 2009 - Regulation 5(2)(q)



Applicant: VPI Immingham B Ltd Date: January 2020



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MASTER GLOSSARY

Abbreviation	Description
AADT	Annual Average Daily Traffic Flow – a measure of the total
	volume of vehicle traffic of a highway or road for a year divided by
	365 days.
AAWT	Annual Average Weekday Traffic
Access	Work No. 2 – access works comprising access to the OCGT
	Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6;
Access Site	The land required for Work No.2.
ADMS	Atmospheric Dispersion Modelling System – a proprietary model
	for the assessment of effect of emissions to air from point sources
	and road sources.
AEP	Annual Exceedance Probability. The probability of a flood event
	occurring in any year. Expressed as a percentage
AGI	Above Ground Installation – installations used to support the safe
	and efficient operation of the pipeline; above ground installations are needed at the start and end of a gas pipeline and at intervals
	along the route.
AIL	Abnormal indivisible load – a road vehicle that has any of the
	following: a gross vehicle weight of more than 44,000 kilograms;
	an axle load of more than 10,000 kilograms for a single non-
	driving axle and 11,500 kilograms for a single driving axle; a width
	of more than 2.9 metres; and a rigid length of more than 18.65
	metres and cannot, without undue expense or risk of damage, be
	divided into two or more loads for the purpose of being carried on
	a road.
AND	Atmospheric Nitrogen Deposition – the input of reactive nitrogen
	from the atmosphere to the biosphere both as gases, dry
	deposition and in precipitation as wet deposition.
AOD	Above Ordinance Datum – a spot height (an exact point on a
	map) with an elevation recorded beside it that represents its
	height above a given datum.
AONB	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty
APFP Regulations	The Infrastructure Planning (Applications: Prescribed Forms and
	Procedures) Regulations 2009
APIS	Air Pollution Information System – provides a comprehensive
	source of information on air pollution and the effects on habitats
	and species. It supports the assessment of potential effects of air
Applicant	pollutants on habitats and species.
Applicant	VPI Immingham B Ltd



Abbreviation	Description
Application	The Application for a Development Consent Order made to the
	Secretary of State under Section 37 of the Planning Act 2008 in
	respect of the Proposed Development, required pursuant to
	Section 31 of the Planning Act 2008 because the Proposed
	Development is a Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project under Section 14(1)(a) and Section 15 of the Planning Act 2008
	by virtue of being an onshore generating station in England of
	more than 50 Megawatts electrical capacity.
Application	The documents that make up the Application (as defined above).
Documents	The documents that make up the Application (as defined above).
AQAP	Air Quality Action Plan – A comprehensive series of measures
	that will help improve air quality and work towards achieving the
	national objectives for nitrogen dioxide and particles.
AQMA	Air Quality Management Area – an area designated by the local
	authority to be managed, through the implementation of a Local
	Air Quality Management Area, to ensure that it meets national air
	quality objectives.
AQS	Air Quality Strategy
ATC	Automatic Traffic Count – a count of vehicular or pedestrian traffic
	conducted along a particular road, path or intersection.
BAP	Biodiversity Action Plan – an internationally recognised
	programme addressing threatened species and habitats,
	designed to protect and restore biological systems.
BAT	Best Available Techniques – available techniques which are the
	best for preventing or minimising emissions and impacts on the
	environment.
BAT-AELs	BAT-Achievable Emission Values. Achievable emissions values
	following the implementation of the best available techniques for
	preventing or minimising emissions and impacts on the
	environment.
BEIS BGL	Department for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy. Below Ground Level
BGS	
DGS	British Geological Survey – provider of objective and authoritative geoscientific data, information and knowledge for the UK.
BNL	Basic Noise Level
BPM	Best Practicable Means – actions undertaken and mitigation
	measures implemented to ensure that noise levels are minimised
	to be as low as practicable.
BREFs	Best Available Techniques (BAT) reference documents. BREFs -
DIVELIS	a series of reference documents covering industrial processes,
	their respective operating conditions and emission rates.
BRES	Business Register and Employment Survey – the official source of
51120	employee and employment estimates by detailed geography and
	industry.
BRP	Bat Roost Potential – An assessment to determine the potential
	for a bat roost at a site.
BS	British Standard – business standards based upon the principles
	of standardisation recognised inter alia in European Policy.
BSI	British Standard Institute



Abbreviation	Description
ADDICVICTION	
BTEX	An acronym that stands for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and
	xylenes. These compounds are some of the volatile organic
	compounds found in petroleum derivatives such as petrol.
CAA	Civil Aviation Authority – the UK's aviation regulator.
CABE	The Chartered Association of Building Engineers – professional
	body for building engineers in the United Kingdom and overseas.
CC	Climate change
CCCW	Closed Cycle Cooling Water System – a technology used to
	provide the necessary heat rejection for steam electric power
	plants.
CCGT	Combined Cycle Gas Turbine
CCR	Carbon Capture Ready – a power station is Carbon Capture
	Ready where it has been demonstrated that: sufficient space is
	available on or near the site to accommodate carbon capture
	equipment in the future; retrofitting carbon capture technology is
	technically feasible; that a suitable area of deep geological
	storage exists for the storage of captured CO3; transporting CO2
	to the storage location is technically feasible and CCS is likely to
	be economically feasible.
CCS	Carbon Capture and Storage – an emerging technology that
	enables carbon dioxide produced by burning fossil fuels to be
	captured and permanently stored, usually in deep geological
	formations, removing up to 90% of the carbon dioxide that would
	otherwise be released to the atmosphere.
CCS	The Considerate Construction Scheme – a non-profit making,
	independent organisation founded in 1997 by the construction
	industry to improve its image.
CD&E	Construction, Demolition and Excavation
CDA	Critical Drainage Area. An area that has critical drainage
	problems and which has been notified to the local planning
	authority as such by the Environment Agency in line with the
	National Planning Policy Framework
CDM	Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 2015 – legal
	duties for safe operation of UK construction sites, including health
	and safety plans.
CEGB	Former British electricity industry regulator, from 1957 to
-	privatisation in the 1990s.
CEMP	Construction Environmental Management Plan – a plan to outline
	how a construction project will avoid, minimise or mitigate effects
	on the environment and surrounding area.
L	



Abbreviation	Description
CEMS	Continuous Emission Monitoring System – a tool to monitor flue
	gas for oxygen, carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide to provide
	information for combustion control in industrial settings.
CFMP	Catchment Flood Management Plan. CFMPs aim to establish
	flood risk management policies which will
	deliver sustainable flood risk management for the long term
	across a catchment. They typically consider all types of inland
	flooding
CHP	Combined Heat and Power – A technology that puts to use the
	residual heat of the combustion process after generation of
	electricity that would otherwise be lost to the environment.
CIEEM	Chartered Institute for Ecology and Environmental Management –
	professional body for ecologists and environmental managers in
	the United Kingdom.
CIRIA	Construction Industry Research and Information Association – a
	member-based research and information organisation dedicated
	to improvement in all aspects of the construction industry.
CL	Critical Levels – the atmospheric concentrations of pollutants in
	the atmosphere above which adverse effects on receptors, such
	as human beings, plants, ecosystems or materials, may occur
	according to present knowledge.
CLEA	Contaminated Land Exposure Assessment – a computer-based
	application that combines information on the toxicity of soil
	contaminants with estimates of potential exposure by adults and
	children living, working and/or playing on land affected by
	contamination over long periods of time.
ClfA	Chartered Institute for Archaeologists – a professional
	organisation for archaeologists working in the United Kingdom.
CLR	Contaminated Land Research – research surrounding
	contaminated land and its impacts.
CMS	Construction Method Statement – a means of controlling specific
	health and safety risks to help manage work and ensure the
	necessary precautions have been communicated to those
	involved.
CO	Carbon Monoxide – a colourless, odourless, and tasteless gas
	slightly less dense than air.
CO2	Carbon Dioxide – an inorganic chemical compound with a wide
	range of commercial uses.
COMAH	Control of Major Accident Hazards – Regulations to ensure that
	businesses take all necessary measures to prevent major
	accidents involving dangerous substances.
COPA	Control of Pollution Act 1974 – an act to deal with a variety of
	environmental issues including waste on land, water pollution,
	abandoned mines, noise pollution and the prevention of
	atmospheric pollution.
COSHH	Control of Substances Hazardous to Health – a United Kingdom
	Statutory Instrument stating general requirements on employers
	to protect employees and other persons from the hazards of
	substances used at work by risk assessment.
CRCE	Centre for Radiation, Chemicals and Environmental Hazards –
UNCL	



Abbreviation	Description
CRoW	Countryside and Rights of Way Act – an Act of Parliament
	regulating public access to land amongst other matters.
CRTN	Calculation of Road Traffic Noise – The Statutory method for
•••••	determining entitlement to sound insulation. Eligible schemes are
	put forward for consideration in accordance with set criteria.
CTMP	Construction Traffic Management Plan – a plan outlining
011111	measures to organise and control vehicular movement on a
	construction site so that vehicles and pedestrians using site
	routes can move around safely.
CWTP	Construction Workers Travel Plan – a plan managing and
00011	promoting how construction workers travel to a particular area or
	organisation. It aims at promoting greener, cleaner travel choices
	and reducing reliance on the private car.
dB	decibel
DCLG	Department of Communities and Local Government – the UK
	department for communities and local government in England,
	now known as the Ministry for Housing, Communities and Local
500	Government
DCO	A Development Consent Order made by the relevant Secretary of
	State pursuant to The Planning Act 2008 to authorise a Nationally
	Significant Infrastructure Project. A DCO can incorporate or
	remove the need for a range of consents which would otherwise
	be required for a development. A DCO can also include powers of
	compulsory acquisition.
DECC	Department of Energy and Climate Change – the UK government
	department responsible for issues regarding energy supply and
	climate change. This was replaced by the Department for
	Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy in July 2016.
DEFRA	Department of Environment, Food and Rural Affairs – government
	department responsible for environmental protection, food
	production and standards, agriculture, fisheries and rural
	communities in the United Kingdom.
DEMP	Decommissioning Environmental Management Plan – a site-
	specific plan developed to ensure that appropriate environmental
	management practices are followed during the decommissioning
	phase of a project and to detail all remediation, site control, and
	monitoring activities that will continue once the decommissioning
	activities are completed.
DEONI	Department of the Environment (Northern Ireland) – a devolved
	Northern Irish government department in the Northern Ireland
	Executive responsible for promoting sustainable development and
	seeking to secure a better and safer environment for everyone.
DETR	Department of the Environment, Transport and the Region – a
	government department created in 1997 and dissolved in 2001,
	replaced by the Department for Communities and Local
	Government and Department for Transport.
DfT	Department for Transport
DMRB	Design Manual for Roads and Bridges – a series of 15 volumes
-	that provide standards, advice notes and other documents relating
	to the design, assessment and operation of trunk roads in the
	United Kingdom.



Abbreviation	Description
DO	Dissolved Oxygen – the amount of gaseous oxygen dissolved in
	an aqueous solution.
DTM	Digital Terrain Mode – a topographic model of the bare Earth –
	terrain relief that can be manipulated by computer programs.
DTMP	Decommissioning Traffic Management Plan – a plan outlining
	measures to organise and control vehicular movements
	associated with the decommissioning phase to minimise impacts
	upon local highways.
DWPA	Drinking Water Protected Area – areas of water abstraction
	(reservoirs/rivers/the ground) to provide water for people to drink.
EA	Environment Agency – a non-departmental public body sponsored
	by the United Kingdom government's Department for
	Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA), with
	responsibilities relating to the protection and enhancement of the
	environment in England.
EAL	Environmental Assessment Levels
EFT	Emissions Factor Toolkit – published by Defra and the Devolved
	Administrations to assist local authorities in carrying out Review
	and Assessment of local air quality.
EH	English Heritage – (now Historic England) – a non-departmental
	public body of the British Government responsible for heritage
	protection and management of a range of historic properties.
EHO	Environmental Health Officer – practitioners responsible for
-	carrying out measures for protecting public health, including
	administering and enforcing legislation related to environmental
	health.
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment – a term used for the
	assessment of environmental consequences (positive or negative)
	of a plan, policy, program or project prior to the decision to move
	forward with the proposed action.
Electrical	Work No. 5 – an electrical connection of up to 400 kilovolts and
Connection	controls systems.
Electrical	The land required for Work No.5.
Connection Site	
ELVs	Emission Limit Values – emission limit values based on the Best
	Available Techniques.
EMF	Electromagnetic fields – a physical field produced by electrically
	charged objects.
EMR	Electricity Market Reform – a government policy to incentivise
	investment in secure, low-carbon electricity. It aims to improve the
	security of Great Britain's electricity supply and improve
	affordability of this supply for consumers.
EMS	Environmental Management System – the management of an
	organisation's environmental programs in a comprehensive,
	systematic, planned and documented manner.
EPA	Environmental Protection Act
EPSM	European Protected Species Mitigation – in instances where
	projects are likely to have an impact on European Protected
	Species, mitigation must be undertaken and a licence granted by
	Natural England to provide a derogation to the law.
EPUK	Environmental Protection UK



Abbreviation	Description
EPR	The Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations
	2016 – Regulations that regulate a range of activities via the issue
	and enforcement of environmental permits, including Pollution
	Prevention and Control, Flood Risk activities, and Waste
	Management.
EPS	Emissions Performance Standard – a way of setting a benchmark
	for the maximum amount of greenhouse gas emissions that can
	be emitted for a certain amount of electricity generated.
EPSM	European Protected Species Mitigation – in instances where
	projects are likely to have an impact on European Protected
	Species, mitigation must be undertaken and a licence granted by
	Natural England to provide a derogation to the law.
EQS	Environmental Quality Standards
ES	Environmental Statement – a report in which the process and
	results of an Environmental Impact Assessment are documented.
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment – a report identifying potential or
	existing environmental contamination liabilities.
Existing AGI	The exiting AGI within the Existing VPI CHP Site.
Existing AGI Site	The land comprising the exiting AGI within the Existing VPI CHP Site.
Eviating Caa	
Existing Gas Pipeline	An existing underground gas pipeline owned by VPI LLP
Fipeinie	connecting the Existing AGI Site to an existing tie in the National Grid (NG) Feeder No.9 located to the west of South Killingholme.
Existing Gas	The land comprising the Existing Gas Pipeline and a stand-off
Pipeline Site	either side of it.
Existing VPI CHP	The existing VPI Immingham Power Station. This facility is a gas-
Plant	fired combined heat and power ('CHP') plant near Immingham
	providing steam and electricity to the neighbouring refineries and
	electricity to the National Grid.
Existing VPI CHP	The land comprising the Existing VPI CHP Plant, located
Plant Site	immediately to the south of the Main OCGT Power Station Site.
FGD	Flue Gas Desulphurisation – a set of technologies used to remove
	sulphur dioxide from exhaust flue gases of fossil-fuel power
	plants.
FGT	Flue Gas Treatment – treatment of flue gases to reduce or
	eliminate toxic and noxious emissions from all combustion-related
	processes.
Flood Zone 1	Land with an Annual Exceedance Probability of less than 0.1%
Flood Zono D	risk from fluvial flooding.
Flood Zone 2	Land with an Annual Exceedance Probability of between 0.1%
Flood Zong 2g	and 1% risk from fluvial flooding.
Flood Zone 3a	Land having a 1 in 100 or greater annual probability of river
	flooding or land having a 1 in 200 or greater annual probability of sea flooding.
Flood Zone 3b	An area defined as the functional floodplain, that the area where
	water has to flow or be stored in the event of a flood. Land which
	would flood with a 1 in 20 (5%) annual probability or greater in any
	year, or is designed to flood in a 0.1% event should provide the
	starting point for designation of Flood Zone 3b.
L	



Abbreviation	Description
FRA	Flood Risk Assessment – the formal assessment of flood risk
	issues relating to the Proposed Development. The findings are
	presented in an appendix to the Environmental Statement.
FWMA	The Flood and Water Management Act 2010 – guidance and
	information on flood risk management and surface water
	management.
FWD	Flood Warning Direct. A telephone notification service for homes
	and business tor flood risk
FWEP	Flood Warning and Evacuation Plan. A document prepared to
	reduce the risk of impacts of flooding on site occupants and
	equipment
Gas Connection	Work No. 4 – the new underground and overground gas pipeline
Gas Connection Site	The land required for Work No.4.
GCN	Great Crested Newts
GES	Good Ecological Status
GHG	Greenhouse Gas – a gas in the atmosphere that absorbs and
	emits radiant energy within the thermal infrared range.
GI	Green Infrastructure – a network contributing to solving urban and
	climatic challenges by building with nature, including storm water
	management, climate adaptation, less heat stress, more
	biodiversity, food production, better air quality, sustainable energy
	production, along with clean water and healthy soils.
GPA	Good Practice Advice – provision of information on good practice
	to assist local authorities, planning and other consultants, owners,
	applicants and other interest parties in implementing historic
	environmental policy in the National Planning Policy Framework
	(NPPF) and the related guidance given in the National Planning
	Policy Guidance (NPPG).
GPP	Guidance for Pollution Prevention
GT	Gas Turbines – a type of internal combustion engine, featuring an
	upstream rotating compressor coupled to a downstream turbine,
	and a combustion chamber in between.
GW	Gigawatts – unit of power.
HA	Highways Agency (now known as Highways England) –
	government owned company responsible for managing the
	strategic road network in England.
ha	Hectare – unit of measurement.
HC	Hydrocarbons – an organic compound consisting entirely of
	hydrogen and carbon.
HCA	Homes and Communities Agency
HE	Historic England – an executive non-departmental body of the
	British Government tasked with protecting the historical
	environment of England.
HER	Historic Environment Record – information services that provide
	access to comprehensive and dynamic resources relating to the
	archaeology and historic built environment of a defined
	geographic area.



Abbreviation	Description
HFRMS	Humber Flood Risk Management Strategy (HFRMS). A strategy
_	document outlining the flood risk management plan for the
	Humber Estuary for the next 25 years and beyond
HGV	Heavy Goods Vehicle – vehicles with a gross weight in excess of
	3.5 tonnes.
HHRA	Human Health Risk Assessment – process to estimate the nature
	and probability of adverse health effects in humans who may be
	exposed to chemicals.
HIA	Health Impact Assessment – a process to evaluate the potential
	health effects of a plan, project or policy before it is built or
	implemented.
HMSO	Her Majesty's Stationary Office – publisher of official documents
	and legislation.
HRA	Habitats Regulations Assessment – the assessment of the
	impacts of implementing a plan or policy on a Natura 2000 site.
HSI	Habitat Suitability Index – a scoring system developed as a
	means of evaluating habitat quality and quantity. It is a numerical
	index between 0 and 1, with 0 indicating an unsuitable habitat and
	1 representing optimal habitat.
IAQM	Institute of Air Quality Management – the professional body for air
	quality experts in the UK.
ICNIRP	International Commission on Non-Ionizing Radiation Protection
IDB	Internal Drainage Board – an authority with powers to undertake
	work to secure clean water drainage and water level management
	within drainage districts.
IED	Industrial Emissions Directive, EU Directive 201/75/EU –
	European Union Directive committing member states to control
	and reduce the impact of industrial emissions on the environment.
IEEM	Institute of Ecology and Environmental Management
IEMA	Institute of Environmental Management and Assessment –
	professional body for environmental practitioners in the United
	Kingdom.
IMD	Index of Multiple Deprivation – UK government qualitative study of
	deprived areas in English local councils.
IPCC	Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control
ISO	International Organisation for Standardisation – an international
	standard setting body composed of representatives for various
	national standards organisations.
JEP	Joint Environmental Programme – a programme of research into
	the environmental impacts of electricity generation funded by nine
	of the leading producers in the United Kingdom.
JNCC	Joint Nature and Conservation Committee
JNSA	Joint Strategic Needs Assessment – produced by the health and
	well-being board for the local authority area to determine the
	health and well-being needs of the local population.
km	Kilometre – unit of distance.
LAQM	Local Air Quality Management – the review and assessment of air
	quality by local authorities in the UK.



Abbreviation	Description
LCA	Landscape Character Area – areas of homogenous landscape or
	townscape character. Typical components defining character
	include landform, land cover, settlement pattern, form and
	enclosure.
LCP	Large Combustion Plant – a combustion plant with a thermal
	capacity of 50 MW or greater.
LCT	Landscape Character Type – a form of landscape classification
	based on characteristics of the land.
LDF	Local Development Framework The spatial planning strategy
	introduced in England and Wales by the Planning and
	Compulsory Purchase Act 2004
LDS	Local Development Scheme – a requirement under section 15 of
-	the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004, it sets out a
	local authority's work programme in relation to main planning
	policy documents.
LE	Life Expectancy – a statistical measure of the average time an
	organism is expected to live.
LEP	Local Enterprise Partnerships are voluntary partnerships between
	local authorities and businesses.
LFRMS	Local Flood Risk Management Strategy This document provides
	details flood risk within the Borough and which statutory
	authorities are responsible for the management of local flood risk.
	The report does not consider flood risk from Main Rivers.
Limits of Deviation	The lateral limits shown on the Works Plan submitted as part of
	the Application and within which the Proposed Development may
	occur.
LLFA	Lead Local Flood Authority/Authorities – authorities responsible
	for maintaining a register of structures and features likely to have
	a significant effect on flood risk in their area.
Local Nature	A non-statutory site of local importance for wildlife, geology,
Reserve or LNR	education or public enjoyment.
LOAEL	Lowest observed adverse effect level. This is the level of noise
	exposure above which adverse effects on health and quality of life
	can be detected.
LPA	Local Planning Authority
LRF	Local Resilience Forum
LSE	Likely significant effect, a term used in the ES to describe when
-0-	effects on a receptor are predicted to be significant
LSOA	Lower Super Output Area – part of a set of geographies designed
2007	specifically for statistical purposes. They set boundaries to allow
	data monitoring over time. LSOAs have a smaller population than
	Middle Super Output Areas.
LTP	Local Transport Plan – a statutory transport plan for a local area
	covering a number of years (typically 5 years).
LVIA	Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment
Lw	Sound Power Level
LWS	Local Wildlife Site
m	Metres – unit of distance.
MAGIC	Multi-Agency Geographical Info for Countryside Website
MCPD	Medium Combustion Plant Directive. EU Directive 2015/2193.
	European Union Directive committing member states to control



Abbreviation	Description
	and reduce the impact of emissions form combustion plant
	between 1 and 50MW thermal input.
MCZ	Marine Conservation Zone – a type of marine nature reserve in
	UK waters. They are areas designated with the aim to protect
	nationally importance, rare or threatened habitats and species.
MOC	Minimum Offtake Connection
MW	Megawatts – unit of energy.
NAQS	National Air Quality Strategy Objectives – national air quality objectives and policy options to further improve air quality in the UK.
NATA	New Approach to Appraisal
Natura 2000 site	Natura 2000 is a network of sites selected to ensure the long-term
	survival of Europe's most valuable and threatened species and
	habitats. How a site is chosen depends on what it aims to protect.
NCA	National Character Area – a natural subdivision of England based
	on a combination of landscape, biodiversity, geodiversity and
	economic activity.
NEILDB	North East Lincolnshire Local Drainage Board
NELC	North East Lincolnshire Council
NERC	Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006 – an Act
	designed to help achieve a rich and diverse natural environment,
	amongst other matters.
NeXA	Network Exit Agreement
NG	National Grid
NGG	National Grid Gas plc
NGET	National Grid Electricity Transmission plc
NHLE	National Heritage List for England – official and up-to-date
	database of all listed and designated heritage sites.
NLC	North Lincolnshire Council
NO2	Nitrogen Dioxide – one of several nitrogen oxides.
NOEL	No Observed Effect Level
NPPF-TG	The National Planning Policy Framework – Technical Guidance
NPPF	The National Planning Policy Framework – Policy Framework which was introduced in March 2012 and updated in July 2018. The NPPF is part of the Government's reform of the planning system intended to make it less complex, to protect the environment and to promote sustainable growth. It does not contain any specific policies on Nationally Significant
	Infrastructure Projects but its policies may be taken into account in decisions on DCOs if the Secretary of State considers them to be both important and relevant.
NPS	National Policy Statements – statements produced by Government under the Planning Act 2008 providing the policy framework for Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects. They include the Government's view of the need for and objectives for the development of Nationally Significant Infrastructure Projects in a particular sector such as energy and are the primary matter against which applications for NSIPs are determined.
NPSE	Noise Policy Statement for England
NRMM	Non-Road Mobile Machinery – machinery typically used off the
	road, such as construction machinery.



Abbreviation	Description		
NSER	No Significant Effects Report – for the Habitats Regulations		
NOEN	Assessment (HRA).		
NSIP	Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project – Defined by the		
	Planning Act 2008 and including projects relating to energy		
	(including generating stations, electric lines and pipelines);		
	transport (including trunk roads and motorways, airports, harbour		
	facilities, railways and rail freight interchanges); water (dams and		
	reservoirs, and the transfer of water resources); waste water		
	treatment plants and hazardous waste facilities. These projects		
	are only defined as nationally significant if they satisfy a statutory		
	threshold in terms of their scale or effect. The Proposed		
	Development is a NSIP.		
NSRs	Noise Sensitive Receptors – locations or areas where dwelling		
	units or other fixed, developed sites of frequent human use occur.		
NTS	Non-Technical Summary – this document is a summary of the		
	Environmental Statement written in non-technical language for		
	ease of understanding.		
OCGT	Open Cycle Gas Turbine – a combustion turbine plant fired by gas		
	or liquid fuel to turn a generator rotor that produces electricity.		
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer		
OMH	Open Mosaic Habitats on Previously Developed Land		
OCGT Power	Work No. 1 – an OCGT power station with a gross capacity of up		
Station	to 299MW.		
OCGT Power	The land required for Work No.1.		
Station Site			
ONS	Office for National Statistics – UK's largest independent producer		
	of official statistics.		
Order	Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order		
Order land The area over which powers of compulsory acquisition of temporary possession are sought in the DCO, shown or			
Order limits	The area in which consent to carry out works is sought in the		
	DCO, the area is split into different Work Numbers which are set		
	out Schedule 1 to the DCO and shown on the Works Plans. The		
PA 2008	Order limits is the same area as the Site . Planning Act 2008. An Act which provides the need for and the		
PA 2006	0		
	powers to apply for and grant development consent orders ('DCO') for nationally significant infrastructure projects ('NSIP').		
PAH	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons – hydrocarbons that are organic		
	compounds containing only carbon and hydrogen.		
PARCA	Planning and Advanced Reservation of Capacity Agreement		
PC	Process Contribution – represents the change caused by the		
	Proposed Development.		
PCBs	Polychlorinated Biphenyls – an organic chlorine compound.		
PEA	Preliminary Ecological Appraisal (PEA Report – report		
	establishing baseline conditions and evaluating the importance of		
	any ecological features present.		
PEC	Predicted Environmental Concentration – PC plus background		
	concentration.		
PEI	Preliminary Environmental Information – an initial statement of the		
	main environmental information available for the study area.		



Abbreviation	Description				
PEIR	Preliminary Environmental Information Report – a report outlining				
	the preliminary environmental information and which is published				
	during the pre-application consultation on a NSIP.				
PFRA	Preliminary Flood Risk Assessment – a high level screening				
	exercise to identify potential flood risk locations.				
PHE	Public Health England – an executive agency, sponsored by the				
	Department of Health, to protect and improve the nation's health				
	nd wellbeing and reduce health inequalities.				
PIA	Personal Injury Accident – an incident to the body, mind or				
	emotions.				
PIG	Pipe Inspection Gauge, a method of inspecting pipelines such as				
	those used to transport gas				
PINS	Planning Inspectorate – executive agency of the Ministry of				
	Housing, Communities and Local Government of the United				
	Kingdom Government. It is responsible for examining applications				
	for NSIPs, and reporting to the Secretary of State who makes a				
D III	final decision on such applications.				
PLU	Primary Landscape Unit				
PM2.5	Fine particulate matter				
PM10	Particulate matter				
PPE	Personal protective equipment				
PPG	Planning Practice Guidance – guidance expanding upon and				
	supporting the NPPF.				
PPGN	Pollution Prevention Guidance Notes				
PPV	Peak Particle Velocity				
Project Land	The land required for the Proposed Development (the Site) and				
	the land comprising the Existing Gas Pipeline Site. The Project				
Duanaaad	Land is the same as the 'Order land' (in the DCO).				
Proposed	The construction, operation and maintenance of a new gas-fired				
Development	electricity generating station with a gross output capacity of up to 299 MW, including electrical and gas supply connections, and				
	other associated development.				
PRoW	Public Right of Way				
PWMS	Precautionary Working Method Statement				
RBMP	River Basin Management Plan – sets out how organisations,				
INDIVIE	stakeholders and communities will work together to improve the				
	water environment.				
RCA	Regional Character Area				
RFC	Ratio of flow to capacity				
RMA	Risk Management Authority				
ROV	Remotely Operated Valve – a valve designed, installed and				
	maintained for the primary purpose of achieving rapid isolation of				
	plant items containing hazardous substances in the event of a				
	failure of the primary containment system.				
RSPB	Royal Society for the Protection of Birds				
SAC	Special Area of Conservation – High quality conservation sites				
	that are protected under the European Habitats Directive, due to				
	their contribution to conserving those habitat types that are				
	considered to be most in need of conservation.				



Abbreviation	Description			
SBR	Supplemental Balancing Reserve – contracts established to			
	ensure there are reserve power stations to be used in the unlikely			
	event of a shortfall in generating capacity. These reserve power			
	stations are usually those that would be otherwise closed or			
	mothballed.			
SCR	Selective Catalytic Reduction – a means of converting nitrogen			
	oxides with the aid of a catalyst into diatomic nitrogen and water.			
SFRA	Strategic Flood Risk Assessment			
SGVs	Soil Guideline Values – developed by DEFRA and the			
0010	Environment Agency as indicators of potential unacceptable risk.			
SHBSES	South Humber Bank Strategic Employment Site			
SINC	Site of Nature Conservation Interest			
Site	The land required for the Proposed Development, and which is			
One	the same as the 'Order limits' (in the DCO).			
SO2	Sulphur Dioxide			
SOAEL	Significant Observed Effect Level			
SOAEL	Significant Observed Effect Level Statement of Community Consultation			
SoS				
303	The Secretary of State – the decision maker for DCO applications and head of a Government department. In this case the SoS for			
	1			
	the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy			
	(formerly the Department for Energy and Climate Change).			
SPA	Special Protection Area – strictly protected sites classified in			
	accordance with Article 4 of the EC Birds Directive. Special			
	Protection Areas are Natura 2000 sites which are internationally			
	important sites for the protection of threatened habitats and			
0.57	species.			
SPZ	Source Protection Area			
SSSI	Site of Specific Scientific Interest – nationally designated Sites of			
	Special Scientific Interest, an area designated for protection under			
	the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 (as amended), due to its			
	value as a wildlife and/or geological site.			
SUDS	Sustainable Urban Drainage System			
SVOCs	Semi Volatile Organic Compounds – a subgroup of volatile			
	organic compounds.			
SWL	Sound Power Level			
SWMP	Site Waste Management Plan (SWMP)			
ТА	Transport Assessment			
TCPA 1990	Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) – the Act that			
	regulates the majority of development of land in England and			
	Wales, but which is not directly applicable to this proposed			
	development as it is a NSIP, regulated by the Planning Act 2008.			
TEC	Transmission Entry Capacity			
Temporary	Work No. 3 – temporary construction and laydown areas			
Construction and	comprising hard standing, laydown and open storage areas,			
Laydown	contractor compounds and staff welfare facilities, vehicle parking,			
-	roadways and haul routes, security fencing and gates,			
	gatehouses, external lighting and lighting columns. There are			
	three construction and laydown areas included in the Application.			
Temporary	Land Required for Work No. 3.			
Construction and				
Laydown Site				



Abbreviation	Description			
TEMPRO	Trip End Model Presentation Program – software that allows			
	users to view data relating to forecasts of trip ends and associated			
	documentation.			
TLOR	Total Lindsey Oil Refinery			
TPH	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons – a term used to describe			
	hydrocarbon compounds derived from Petroleum Sources.			
TTRO	Temporary Traffic Regulation Order – legal documents to allow			
	the police or local authorities to temporarily enforce road			
	restrictions to help traffic flow.			
TTWA	Travel to Work Area – statistical tool used by UK Government			
	agencies and local authorities to indicate an area where the			
	population would generally commute to a larger town or city for			
	employment purposes.			
UAEL	Unacceptable Observed Effect Level			
Utilities and Services	Work No 6 – utilities and services connections to the OCGT			
Connections	Power Station.			
Utilities and Services	The land required for Work No.6 – the land required for the			
Connections Site	utilities and services connections to the OCGT Power Station.			
Vitol	Vitol Group – the owner of VPI LLP and VPIB.			
VOCs	Volatile Organic Compounds – chemicals that have a high vapour			
	pressure at ordinary room temperature.			
VPIB	VPI Immingham B Limited – the Applicant			
VPI EPA	VPI Energy Park A – the land proposed for the development of a			
	49.9 MW gas-fired power station that benefits from planning			
	permission granted by NLC in 2018 (Reference: PA/2018/918).			
VPI LLP	VPI Immingham LLP – the owner and operator of the Existing VPI			
	CHP Plant.			
VDV	Vibration dose valve			
WCA	The Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 – legislation for the			
	protection of animals, plants and certain habitats in the UK.			
WebTAG	Web-based Department of Environment, Transport and Regions			
	Document. Transport Analysis Guidance.			
WEEE	Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment – a complex mixture of			
	materials and components that because of their hazardous			
	content, and if not properly managed, can cause major			
	environmental and health problems.			
WFD	Water Framework Directive – European Union directive which			
	commits member states to achieve good qualitative and			
14/110	quantitative status of all water bodies.			
WHO	World Health Organisation			
Work No.1	An OCGT power station (the 'OCGT Power Station') with a gross			
Morte N= 0	capacity of up to 299MW.			
Work No.2	Access works (the 'Access Site'), comprising access to the Main			
Morte N O	OCGT Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6.			
Work No.3	Temporary construction and laydown area (the 'Temporary			
	Construction and Laydown) comprising hard standing, laydown			
	and open storage areas, contractor compounds and staff welfare			
	facilities, vehicle parking, roadways and haul routes, security			
	fencing and gates, gatehouses, external lighting and lighting			
	columns;			



Abbreviation	Description
Work No.4	An underground and overground gas pipeline (the 'Gas
	Connection) of up to 600 mm (nominal internal diameter) for the
	transport of natural gas to Work No. 1.
Work No.5	An electrical connection (the 'Electrical Connection') of up to 400
	kilovolts and control systems.
Work No.6	Utilities and services connections (the 'Utilities and Services
	Connections').
WRA	Waste and Resources Action Programme – a registered charity
	working with businesses, individuals and communities to help
	them reduce waste, develop sustainable products and use
	resources in an efficient way.
WSI	Written Scheme of Investigation – a method statement or a
	project design to cover a suite of archaeological works for a site.
ZTV	Zone of Theoretical Visibility – a computer generated tool to
	identify the likely (or theoretical) extent of visibility of a
	development.



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1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Overview

- 1.1.1 This Application Guide (Application Document Ref: 1.2) has been prepared on behalf of VPI Immingham B Ltd ('VPIB' or the 'Applicant'). It forms part of the application (the 'Application') for a Development Consent Order (a 'DCO') submitted to the Secretary of State (the 'SoS') for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy under section 37 of the Planning Act 2008' (the 'PA 2008').
- 1.1.2 VPIB is seeking development consent for the construction, operation and maintenance of a new gas-fired electricity generating station with a gross output capacity of up to 299 megawatts ('MW'), including electrical and gas supply connections, and other associated development (the 'Proposed Development'). The Proposed Development is located primarily on land (the 'Site') to the north of the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, Rosper Road, South Killingholme, North Lincolnshire, DN40 3DZ.
- 1.1.3 A DCO is required for the Proposed Development as it falls within the definition and thresholds for a 'Nationally Significant Infrastructure Project' (a 'NSIP') under section 14(1)(a) and sections 15(1) and 15(2) of the PA 2008. The DCO, if made by the SoS, would be known as the 'The Immingham Open Cycle Gas Turbine Order' (the 'Order').

1.2 VPI

- 1.2.1 VPI Immingham LLP ('VPI LLP') owns and operates the existing VPI Immingham Power Station, one of the largest combined heat and power ('CHP') plants in Europe, capable of generating 1,240 MW (about 2.5% of UK peak electricity demand) and up to 930 tonnes of steam per hour (hereafter referred to as the 'Existing VPI CHP Plant'). The steam is used by nearby oil refineries to turn crude oil into products, such as gasoline. The land comprising the Existing VPI CHP Plant is hereafter referred to as the 'Existing VPI CHP Plant Site'.
- 1.2.2 VPI LLP is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Vitol Group ('Vitol'), founded in 1966 in Rotterdam, the Netherlands. Since then Vitol has grown significantly to become a major participant in world commodity markets and is now the world's largest independent energy trader. Its trading portfolio includes crude oil, oil products, liquid petroleum gas, liquid natural gas, natural gas, coal, electricity, agricultural products, metals and carbon emissions. Vitol trades with all the major national oil companies, the integrated oil majors and independent refiners and traders. For further information on VPI LLP and Vitol please visit:

https://www.vpi-i.com/

1.2.3 VPIB has been formed as a separate entity for the purposes of developing and operating the Proposed Development.

1.3 The Site

1.3.1 The Site is primarily located on land immediately to the north of the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site, as previously stated. Immingham Dock is located approximately 1.5 kilometres ('km') to the south east of the Site at its closest point. The Humber ports



facility is located approximately 500 metres ('m') north and the Humber Refinery is located approximately 500m to the south.

- 1.3.2 The villages of South Killingholme and North Killingholme are located approximately 1.4 km and 1.6 km to the west of the Site respectively, and the town of Immingham is located approximately 1.8 km to the south east. The nearest residential property comprises a single house off Marsh Lane, located approximately 325 m to the east of the Site.
- 1.3.3 The Site comprises the following main parts:
 - OCGT Power Station Site;
 - Access Site;
 - Temporary Construction and Laydown Site;
 - Gas Connection Site;
 - Electrical Connection Site; and
 - Utilities and Services Connections Site.
- 1.3.4 The Site is located entirely within the boundary of the administrative area of North Lincolnshire Council ('NLC'), a unitary authority. The different parts of the Site are illustrated in the Works Plans (Application Document Ref: 4.3).
- 1.3.5 The Site has been selected by the Applicant for the Proposed Development, as opposed to other potentially available sites, for the following reasons:
 - it comprises primarily of previously developed or disturbed land, including land within the operational envelope of the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site;
 - it is situated in an industrial setting with few immediate receptors and is not particularly sensitive from an environmental perspective;
 - it is primarily located adjacent to the Existing VPI CHP Plant, which provides visual screening and synergies in terms of the existing workforce, and utilities and service connections;
 - it benefits from excellent grid connections (gas and electricity) on the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site; and
 - it benefits from existing highway accesses onto Rosper Road, with the latter providing a direct connection (via a short section of Humber Road) to the Strategic Highway Network (A160) a short distance to the south of the Site.
- 1.3.6 A more detailed description of the Site is provided in Environmental Statement ('ES') Volume 1 Chapter 3 'Site Description' (Application Document Ref: 6.2.3).

1.4 The Existing Gas Pipeline

1.4.1 In addition to the Site, the Application includes provision for the use of an existing gas pipeline (the 'Existing Gas Pipeline') to provide fuel to the Proposed Development. The Existing Gas Pipeline was originally constructed in 2003 to provide fuel to the Existing VPI CHP Plant. The route of the pipeline runs from a connection point at an



above ground installation (the 'Existing AGI Site') within the Existing VPI CHP Plant Site to a tie in point at the existing National Grid ('NG') Feeder No.9 pipeline located to the west of South Killingholme.

- 1.4.2 A small part of the Existing Gas Pipeline Site lies within the administrative area of North East Lincolnshire District Council ('NELC'), the neighbouring local authority.
- 1.4.3 The Applicant is not seeking consent to carry out any works to the Existing Gas Pipeline and, as a result, it does not form part of the Site or Proposed Development. It is included in the Application on the basis that the Applicant is seeking rights to use and maintain the pipeline and it is therefore included within the DCO 'Order land' (the area over which powers of compulsory acquisition or temporary possession are sought). The area of land covered by the Existing Gas Pipeline, including a 13 m stand-off either side of it to provide for access and any future maintenance requirements, is hereafter referred to as the 'Existing Gas Pipeline Site'.
- 1.4.4 The Site and the Existing Gas Pipeline Site are collectively referred to as the 'Project Land'. The area covered by the Project land is illustrated in the Location Plan (Application Document Ref: 4.1).
- 1.4.5 The Existing Gas Pipeline has not been assessed as part of the Environmental Impact Assessment ('EIA') carried out in respect of the Application. This is on the basis that it is a pre-existing pipeline and the Applicant is not seeking consent to carry out any works to it. Further explanation in respect of this matter is provided in ES Volume 1, Chapter 1 'Introduction' and Chapter 3 'Site Description' (Application Document Refs: 6.2.1 and 6.2.3).

1.5 The Proposed Development

- 1.5.1 The main components of the Proposed Development are summarised below, as set out in the draft DCO (Application Document Ref: 2.1):
 - Work No. 1 an OCGT power station (the 'OCGT Power Station') with a gross capacity of up to 299MW;
 - Work No. 2 access works (the 'Access'), comprising access to the OCGT Power Station Site and access to Work Nos. 3, 4, 5 and 6;
 - Work No. 3 temporary construction and laydown area ('Temporary Construction and Laydown') comprising hard standing, laydown and open storage areas, contractor compounds and staff welfare facilities, vehicle parking, roadways and haul routes, security fencing and gates, gatehouses, external lighting and lighting columns;
 - Work No. 4 gas supply connection works (the 'Gas Connection') comprising an underground and/or overground gas pipeline of up to 600 millimetres (nominal internal diameter) and approximately 800 m in length for the transport of natural gas from the Existing Gas Pipeline to Work No. 1;
 - Work No. 5 an electrical connection (the 'Electrical Connection') of up to 400 kilovolts and associated controls systems; and
 - Work No 6 utilities and services connections (the 'Utilities and Services Connections').



- 1.5.2 It is anticipated that subject to the DCO having been made by the SoS and a final investment decision by VPIB, construction work on the Proposed Development would commence in early 2021. The overall construction programme is expected to last approximately 21 months and is anticipated to be completed in late 2022, with the Proposed Development entering commercial operation later that year or early the following year.
- 1.5.3 A more detailed description of the Proposed Development is provided at Schedule 1 'Authorised Development' of the draft DCO (Application Document Ref: 2.1) and ES Volume 1, Chapter 4 'The Proposed Development' (Application Document Ref: 6.2.4).
- 1.5.4 The areas within which each of the main components of the Proposed Development are to be built are shown by the coloured and hatched areas on the Works Plans (Application Document Ref: 4.3).

1.6 The purpose and structure of this document

- 1.6.1 The purpose of this Application Guide is to list the documents (the 'Application Documents') that make up the Application and documents submitted as part of the Examination.
- 1.6.2 The Application Guide will be updated by VPIB, as required, during the Examination of the Application by the SoS and documents that have been superseded will be clearly identified as such.



2. DOCUMENTS

- 2.1.1 The documents have been grouped into appropriate categories in Table 2.1 (on the following page) and each has been given its own document reference number.
- 2.1.2 Table 2.1 details the submission version (the version submitted as part of the Application), where relevant, in addition to the current version of the document along with the date that the current version was submitted. The documents submitted at Deadline 6 are highlighted yellow.



Table 2.1 – Application documents

Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
Category 1.0	Application Form and related documents			
1.1	Application Cover Letter	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
<mark>1.2</mark>	Application Guide (this document)	1.0	<mark>6.0</mark>	02.01.19 – Deadline 6
1.3	Application Form	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
1.4	Notices for Statutory Publicity	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
Category 2.0	Draft Development Consent Order			
2.1	Draft Development Consent Order	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
2.2	Explanatory Memorandum	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
2.3	Draft Development Consent Order – Revised	1.0	2.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
2.4	Draft Development Consent Order – Comparison to Submission Version	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
2.5	Explanatory Memorandum – Revised	1.0	2.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
2.6	Explanation of Changes Made to the Draft DCO at Deadline 2	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
2.7	Draft Development Consent Order – Revised	1.0	3.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
2.8	Draft Development Consent Order – Comparison to Deadline 2 Version	1.0	2.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
2.9	Table of changes made to DCO at Deadline 3	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
2.10	Draft Development Consent Order – Revised	1.0	4.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
2.11	Draft Development Consent Order – Comparison to Deadline 3 Version	1.0	3.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
2.12	Table of changes made to DCO at Deadline 5	-	1.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
Category 3.0	Land Information / Compulsory Acquisition Information			
3.1	Book of Reference	1.0	3.0	21.05.19 – Pre- Examination
3.2	Statement of Reasons	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
3.3	Funding Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
3.4	Book of Reference – Updated	1.0	3.0	10.10.10 – Deadline 3
3.5	Book of Reference – Updated	1.0	4.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
4.0	Plans, drawings and sections			
4.1	Location Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
4.2	Land Plans (Key Plan and Sheets 1-4)	1.0	2.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
4.3	Works Plans (Key Plan and Sheets 1-6)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
4.4	Access and Rights of Way Plans (Key Plan and Sheets 1-4)	4.0	5.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
4.5	Indicative Generating Station Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
4.6	Indicative Gas Connection Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
4.7	Indicative Electrical Connection Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
4.8	Indicative Utilities and Services Connection Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
Category 5.0	Reports and Statements			
5.1	Consultation Report	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.2	Other Consents and Licences	1.0	2.0	12.09.19
5.3	Planning Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.4	Design and Access Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.5	Statutory Nuisance Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.6	Indicative Lighting Strategy	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.7	Grid Connection Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.8	Gas Connection Statement	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.9	Combined Heat and Power Assessment	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
5.10	No Significant Effects Report	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
Category 6.0	Environmental Impact Assessment Information			
6.1	Environmental Statement Non-Technical Summary	1.0	1.0	11.04.19 – revised Pre- Examination
6.2	Environmental Statement – Volume 1 (Main Report)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.1	Chapter 1: Introduction	1.0	1.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
6.2.2	Chapter 2: Assessment Methodology	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.3	Chapter 3: Site Description	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.4	Chapter 4: Proposed Development	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.5	Chapter 5: Planning Policy	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.6	Chapter 6: Air Quality	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.7	Chapter 7: Traffic & Transportation	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.8	Chapter 8: Noise & Vibration	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.9	Chapter 9: Ecology	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.10	Chapter 10: Landscape & Visual Amenity	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.11	Chapter 11: Ground Conditions & Hydrogeology	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.12	Chapter 12: Surface Water, Flood Risk & Drainage	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.13	Chapter 13: Cultural Heritage	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.14	Chapter 14: Socio Economics	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.15	Chapter 15: Sustainability and Climate Change	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.16	Chapter 16: Human Health	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.17	Chapter 17: Cumulative and Combined Effects	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.2.18	Chapter 18: Summary of Significant Residual Effects	1.0	1.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
6.3	Environmental Statement – Volume 2 (Figures)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.1	Figure 1.1: Site Location	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.2	Figure 3.1: Site Boundary	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.3	Figure 3.2: Parts of the Site	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.4	Figure 4.1a: Example Layout A	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.5	Figure 4.1b: Example Layout B	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.6	Figure 4.1c: Example Elevations A	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.7	Figure 4.1d: Example Elevations B	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.8	Figure 6.1: Air Quality Study Area and Receptor Locations	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.9	Figure 6.2: Operational Process Contribution to Long-Term NO ₂	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.10	Figure 6.3: Operational Process Contribution to Short-Term NO ₂	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.11	Figure 7.1: Road Network	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.12	Figure 8.1: Baseline Noise Monitoring Locations and Sensitive Receptors	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.13	Figure 8.2: Predicted Operational Sound Levels	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.14	Figure 10.1: Zone of Theoretical Visibility	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.15	Figure 10.2: Character Areas 2km	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.16	Figure 10.3: Site Context	1.0	1.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
6.3.17	Figure 10.4: Viewpoint Location Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.18	Figures 10.5 – 10.20: Viewpoint Photography	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.19	Figures 10.21 – 10.26: Photomontages	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.20	Figure 12.1: Surface Water Features within the Study Area	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.21	Figure 13.1: Known Heritage Assets	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.22	Figure 13.2: Designated Heritage Assets	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.23	Figure 13.3: Designated Heritage Assets – Brocklesby Park	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.24	Figure 13.4: Indicative Areas of Archaeological Investigation	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.3.25	Figure 17.1: Other Developments Considered for Cumulative Impacts	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4	Environmental Statement – Volume 3 (Technical Appendices)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.1	Appendix 1A: Environmental Impact Assessment Scoping Report	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.2	Appendix 1B: Environmental Impact Assessment Scoping Opinion	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.3	Appendix 4A: Framework Construction Environmental Management Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.4	Appendix 6A: Air Quality Technical Appendix	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.5	Appendix 7A: Transport Assessment	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.6	Appendix 7B: Framework Construction Worker Travel Plan (CWTP)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.7	Appendix 7C: Framework Construction Traffic Management Plan (CTMP)	1.0	1.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
6.4.8	Appendix 8A: Noise Monitoring Data	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.9	Appendix 8B: Noise Modelling Settings and Assumptions	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.10	Appendix 9A: Preliminary Ecological Appraisal	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.11	Appendix 9B: Great Crested Newt Survey Report	1.0	1,0	11.04.19
6.4.12	Appendix 9C: Wintering Birds	1.0	1,0	11.04.19
6.4.13	Appendix 9D: Breeding Birds	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.14	Appendix 9E: Terrestrial Inverts	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.15	Appendix 9F: Reptiles	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.16	Appendix 9G: Botany	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.17	Appendix 9H: Biodiversity Enhancement Management Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.18	Appendix 10A: Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment Methodology	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.19	Appendix 10B: Viewpoint Locations	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.20	Appendix 10C: Viewpoint Location Plan	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.21	Appendix 10D: Photomontages Viewpoint K	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.22	Appendix 11A: Phase I Assessment	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.23	Appendix 11B: Supplementary Phase 1	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.24	Appendix 11C: Socotec Factual GI Report	2.0	2.0	11.04.19



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
6.4.25	Appendix 11D: AECOM GIR	2.0	2.0	11.04.19
6.4.26	Appendix 12A: Flood Risk Assessment	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.27	Appendix 13A: Designated Assets	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.28	Appendix 13B: Designated Assets Outside Site	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.29	Appendix 13C: Non-designated Assets	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.30	Appendix 13D: Archaeology Report	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
6.4.31	Appendix 13E: Framework Written Scheme of Investigation	0.0	2.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
6.4.32	Appendix 18A: Commitments Register	1.0	1.0	11.04.19
Category 7.0	Examination Documents			
7.1	Applicant's Deadline 2 Cover Letter	-	-	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
7.2	Applicant's Responses to the Examining Authority's First Written Questions	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
7.3	Applicant's Comments on Relevant Representations	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
7.4	Compulsory Acquisition Schedule	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
7.5	Applicant's Deadline 3 Cover Letter	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.6	Applicant's Comment on the Written Representations	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.7	Applicant's Comments on the Local Impact Reports	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
7.8	Applicant's Comments on the Written Questions	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.9	Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – DCO Hearing	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.10	Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – Compulsory Acquisition Hearing	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.11	Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – Environmental Matters Hearing	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.12	Compulsory Acquisition Schedule	-	2.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.13	Statement to Inform Appropriate Assessment	-	1.0	10.10.19 – Deadline 3
7.14	Applicant's Deadline 4 Cover Letter	-	1.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
7.15	Applicant's Responses to the Examining Authority's Further Written Questions	-	1.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
7.16	Compulsory Acquisition Schedule	-	3.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
7.17	Statement to Inform Appropriate Assessment	-	2.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
7.18	Applicant's Deadline 5 Cover Letter	-	1.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
7.19	The Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – CA Hearing 2	-	1.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
7.20	The Applicant's Written Submission of Oral Case – DCO Hearing 2	-	1.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
<mark>7.21</mark>	Applicant's Deadline 6 Cover Letter	-	<mark>1.0</mark>	02.01.20 – Deadline 6
<mark>7.22</mark>	Protective Provisions – Highways England – FINAL	-	<mark>1.0</mark>	<mark>02.01.20 – Deadline 6</mark>



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
<mark>7.23</mark>	Protective Provisions – Hornsea 1 Limited – DRAFT	-	<mark>1.0</mark>	<mark>02.01.20 – Deadline 6</mark>
<mark>7.24</mark>	Protective Provisions – Hornsea 2 companies – DRAFT	•	<mark>1.0</mark>	<mark>02.01.20 – Deadline 6</mark>
<mark>7.25</mark>	Applicant's Response to Phillips 66 Limited's Deadline 5 Submission	•	<mark>1.0</mark>	<mark>02.01.20 – Deadline 6</mark>
<mark>7.26</mark>	Compulsory Acquisition Schedule – Deadline 6	•	<mark>4.0</mark>	02.01.20 – Deadline 6
Category 8.0	Statements of Common Ground			
8.1	North Lincolnshire Council	-	6.0	12.12.19 – Deadline 5
8.2	North East Lincolnshire Council	-	2.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
8.3	Environment Agency	-	4.0	04.09.19 – Deadline 2
8.4	Natural England	-	3.0	14.11.19 – Deadline 4
8.5	National Grid	-		September 2019 – Deadline 2
8.6	Highways England	-	2.0	05.09.19 – Deadline 2
8.7	Historic England	-	1.0	02.08.19 – Deadline 2
8.8	Able	-	1.0	September – Deadline 2
8.9	Hornsea 1 & 2	-	1.0	September – Deadline 2
8.10	Statement of Commonality	-	1.0	12.09.19 – Deadline 2
Category 9.0	Miscellaneous			



Document reference	Document name	Submission version	Current revision number	Date/Deadline current version submitted
PE-1.1	Confirmatory Great Crested Newt Survey Report	-	1.0	May 2019 – Pre- Examination